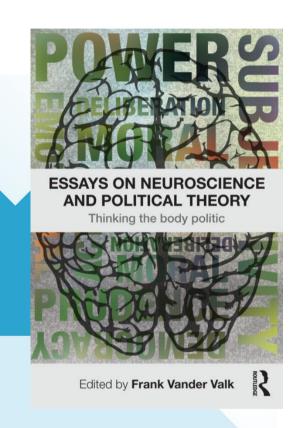
'Neuropolitics',
'neuropolicy' and the
complex alignment of
neuroscientific and
political theory
perspectives



Machiel Keestra, Institute for Interdisciplinary Studies, AIS Conference, October 13, 2012





Should we make room for neuro-politics or neuro-policy?

Cognitive (neuro-)scientific "insights should make a large "difference for the proper design of political institutions"

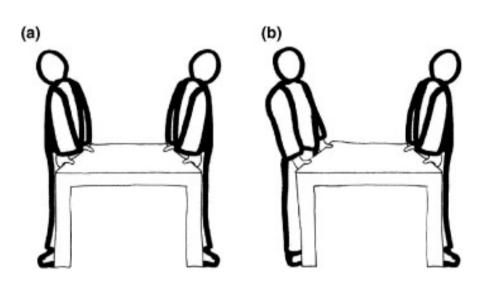
(Herbert A. Simon, 1985, p. 303)





Joint & collective action: partial merger with another person's action plans

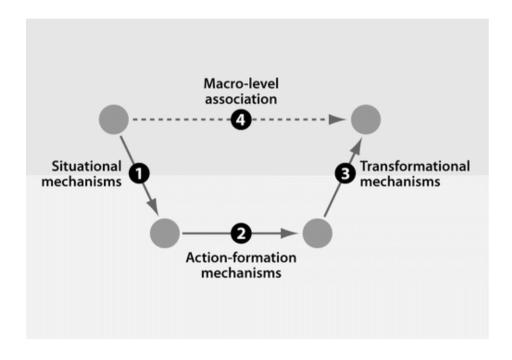
Analogy between individual coordination & organization and joint action planning (Bratman, 2009)







How can a cognitive mechanism influence social mechanisms?



Hedström P, Ylikoski P. 2010. Annu. Rev. Sociol. 36:49–67





Optimism about neuro-politics

Mirror neurons considered a neuronal basis for sympathy, altruism, cooperation, etc.

- MNS = "capacity to constitute an implicit and directly shared we-centric space" (Gallese, 2006, p. 21).
- MNS: "the evolutionary process made us wired for empathy" (Marco Iacoboni, 2009, p. 666),





Pessimism about neuro-politics

Psychology & cognitive science demonstrates that humans have 2 processes of cognition:

- automatic ('cognitive monster'; Bargh, 1999)
- controlled





What fundamental political aspect could be at stake?

Group membership is indeed a fundamental issue in political processes, for: "the <u>primary good</u> that we distribute to one another is <u>membership</u> in some human community" (Walzer, 1983, p. 31)





Group membership as a basis of political strife

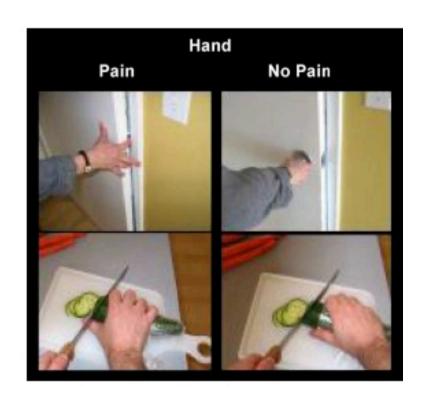
"Every religious, moral, economic, ethical, or other <u>antithesis transforms into a political</u> one if it is sufficiently strong to <u>group</u> human beings effectively according to friend and enemy" (Schmitt, 1996, p. 37).





Mirror neurons and intersubjectivity

 Empathy = painactivation patterns when observing the pain of others



Machiel Keestra - Neuropolitics - AIS conference 13/10/2012



Modulation of MNS 1: Social relevance

Factor hand

Left

Right

- Facing forward/backward
- Hand position

(Kilner e.a. 2006)

Facing

Factor view





Away





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Current Issues



Modulation of MNS 2: Knowledge about agency

Belief in the animacy of the gloved hand modulates activations

(Liepelt & Brass, 2010)







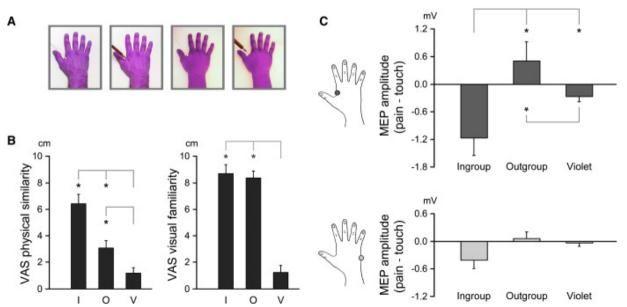
Figure 1. The figures show illustrations of (a) a humanhand model, (b) a wooden-hand model used to manipulate participants belief, and (c) the stimulus display, a leatherhand movement in a congruent condition of the present experiment.



Indeed: group membership <u>filters or gates</u> the information-stream to MNS

More resonance with unnatural violet hands than with out-group hands

(Avenanti e.a. 2010)



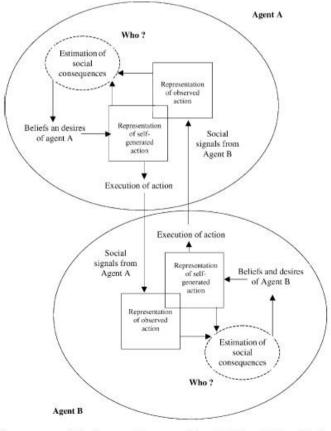


How to save or secure 'shared representations' for joint action?

Joint action requires intertwining 2 persons' representations of motor action & intentionality

(Jeannerod, 2006)

M. Jeannerod/Behavioural Brain Research 142 (2003) 1-15



ig the consequences of shared representations on possible misattribution of actions. The diagram ving one another. Each agent builds a representation of his own intentions/actions and of the inte





Cognitive strategies to foster MN activation

- priming with disliked in-group members & v.v.
- preliminary self-categorization
- counterfactual reasoning
- implementation intentions





A modest plea for neuro-politics

- individual counter-measures:
 - education
 - awareness
- collective counter-measures:
 - procedures
 - physical interactions between gov't & citizens